**Structure Practice 62**

1. The ancestors of the horse lived \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and were about half a meter tall.

1. years ago 60 million
2. 60 million years ago
3. ago 60 million years
4. million years ago 60

答案：B

分析：考点是词组顺序问题, ago肯定放在时间后面。

参考译文：马的祖先生活在6千万年前, 半米高左右。

2. The museum on Ellis Island, a former immigration station, contains documents and artifacts\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to four centuries of United States immigration.

1. related them
2. related
3. related that
4. be related

答案：B

分析：考点是分词后置修饰, 固定词组relate to

参考译文：Ellis岛的博物馆, 前身是移民局, 藏有4个世纪多来美国移民的档案和工艺品

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, particularly the oxides of sulfur, greatly increases the rate at which rust forms.

1. The presence of air pollutants
2. Air pollutants are present
3. Because the presence of air pollutants
4. Air pollutants whose presence

答案：A

分析：考点是结构上少主语. 排除BC. D whose 从句和下文连不上.

参考译文：气体污染物的出现, 特别是oxides of sulfur硫化物, 很大程度上加速了锈的形成.

4. The Sun, the Moon, and Earth have magnetic fields, and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ evidence that the stellar that extend through vast regions galaxies have fields of space.

1. which is
2. is
3. because
4. There is

答案：D

分析：and 链接一个完整的句子.B 中 sun , earth , moon 本身不能是证明.

参考译文：太阳, 月亮, 地球均有磁极. 有证明表示那些在星系中延伸空间很多的星座都具有天空.

5. The “confederation school” poets of nineteenth-century Canada were primarily nature poets, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a wealth of eulogies to Canadian rural life.

1. and producing
2. who they produced
3. producing
4. whose production of

答案：C

分析：A producing 连不上.B中应该去掉they, D 不是完整的从句， 缺少谓语动词. C其实是who produced 的分词修饰形式. 现在分词作句子的状语。

参考译文: 19世纪加拿大的 confederation 派诗人主要为田园派诗人—其主题多为歌颂加拿大的乡村生活.

6. Since prehistoric people first applied natural pigments to cave walls, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have painted to express themselves.

1. when artists
2. artists
3. artists who
4. that artists

答案：B

分析： 少主语. ACD都造成句子没有主句， 只有从句。

参考译文; 自从人类第一次开始将自然色素使用在岩洞壁上, 艺术家们就开始用绘画表达情感.

7. About 42 million bushels of oats are used annually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ manufacture of breakfast foods in die United States.

1. the
2. is the
3. in the
4. to

答案： C

分析：除了be used to do , 还有be used in sth， be used for doing sth也可以； 注意manufacture of 的Of 表明了manufacture的词性， 是名词， 不是动词。

参考译文： 在美国, 每年大约有4200万普尔的燕麦用于生产早餐食品.

8. Any acid can, in principle, neutralize any base, although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between some of the more reactive compounds.

1. side reactions can occur
2. the occurrence of side reactions can
3. can side reactions occur
4. side reactions that can occur

答案：A

分析： although 从句, 其他顺序都很乱， B的情态动词can单独用， 错， 必须是can do sth/ can be； C倒装错， 没有倒装的环境； D的although从句缺少谓语动词。

参考译文： 理论上说, 任何一种酸都可以中和任何一种主要物质, 虽然某些活跃的混合物会产生付反应.

9. Just over two-thirds of Earth’s surface is covered by wafer, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more than 98 percent of this water is contained in the oceans.

1. with
2. which
3. and
4. resulting

答案：C

分析：后面是一个完整的句子, 故前面用and 连词.

参考译文： 超过2/3的地表被水覆盖着. 其中超过98%的是海洋.

l0. Pleasing to look at and touch, beads come in shapes, colors, and materials \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.to handle and to sort them.

1. that almost compel one
2. one compels
3. that compel almost
4. one is almost compelled

答案：A

分析：定义从句, 先行词为前面的shapes, colors, and materials

参考译文: 珠子看着赏心悦目, 摸着圆润光滑. 其形状, 颜色, 质地让人们不由得对其进行加工,分类.

11. In 1978 the united States National Air and Space Administration selected Sally Ride \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.the first woman astronaut.

1. who being
2. to be
3. and being
4. was

答案：B

分析：select sb sth 或者select sb to be sth 的固定句型， 注意没有to be其实也不错的， 可以说select sb sth， 类似的还有win, elect

参考译文: 1978年, 美国NASA 选出Sally 为美国的第一位女宇航员.

12. Adhesions are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ formed within the body in response to inflammation or injury.

1. that thin bands of scar tissue
2. they thin bands of scar tissue when
3. thin bands of scar tissue
4. thin bands of scar tissue able to

答案：C

分析：缺少宾语. 因后面不是从句, 排除A. B, D 后面的when 和able to 都无法和formed 连上.

参考译文; Adhesions 皮肤组织(实在不知道中文的专有名词叫什么)是因烧伤或其他受伤引起的一条薄薄的伤疤组织.

13. The planet Neptune is about 30 times \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Sun as Earth is.

1. far
2. as far
3. more far
4. far that

答案：B.

分析：比较结构的考点. 下文出现了 as, 提示上面应该用 as adj as.

参考译文; Neptune 距离太阳是日地距离的30倍左右.

14. Not until the 1850’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a few public-spirited citizens and state legislatures seek to rescue historic buildings in the United States from destruction or alteration.

1. both
2. came
3. did
4. when

答案：C

分析：not until 在句首倒装句型, 看到词汇立刻找助动词.

参考译文： 直到十九世纪50年代, 一些有公益精神的市民和州立法机构才着手拯救美国的历史建筑, 以防其倒塌或被改建.

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 200 bones forming the framework, or skeleton, of the human body.

1. Being over
2. There are over
3. Where over
4. Over

答案：B

分析：There be 句型, 没什么花头, 仔细就可以.

参考译文： 200块骨头组成了人体的骨架.